

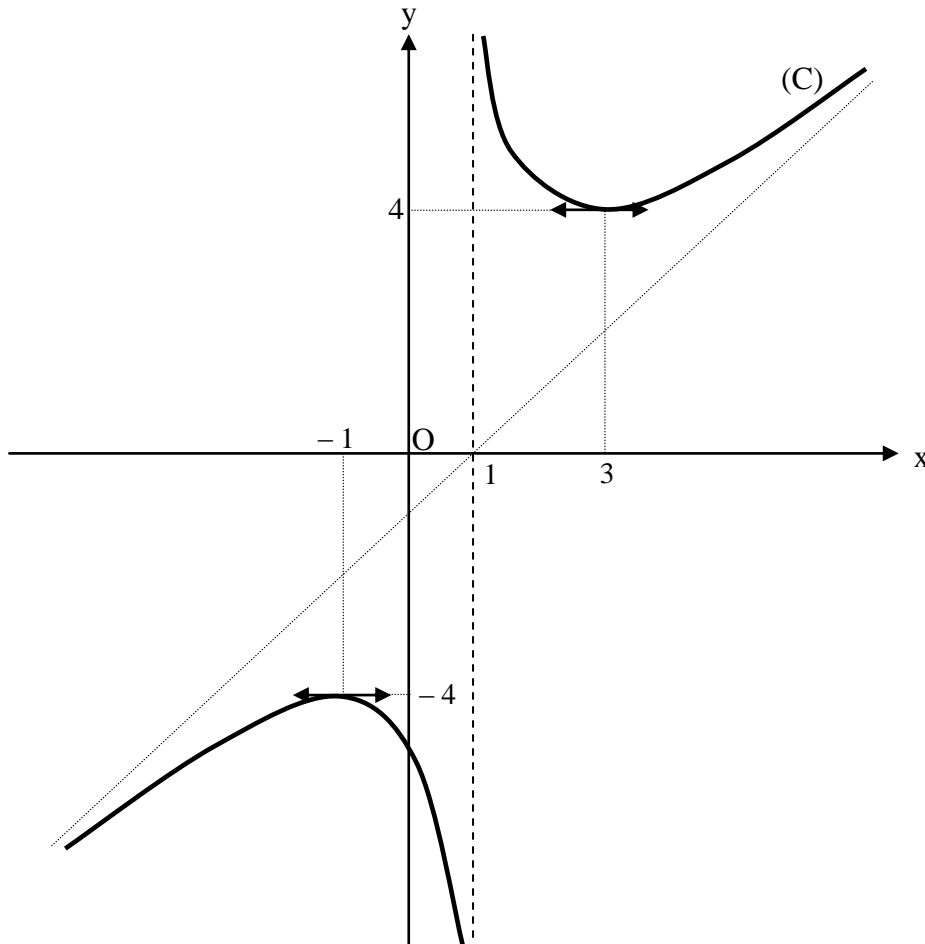
الاسم:
الرقم:مسابقة في الرياضيات
المدة: ساعة واحدة

عدد المسائل : ثلاث

ملاحظة: يسمح باستعمال آلة حاسبة غير قابلة للبرمجة أو اختزان المعلومات أو رسم البيانات.
يستطيع المرشح الإجابة بالترتيب الذي يناسبه (دون الإلتزام بترتيب المسائل الواردة في المسابقة).

I-(10 points)

The curve (C), drawn in the orthonormal system below, is the representative curve of a function f .



1) Determine $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x < 1}} f(x)$, $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x > 1}} f(x)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$.

2) Set up the table of variations of f .

3) What is the number of solutions of the equation $f(x) = -5$? Justify your answer.

4) Solve the inequality $f(x) > 0$.

5) Copy and fill in the blanks using either one of the following symbols: $=$; $<$; $>$.

$$f'(-2) \dots\dots 0 \ .$$

$$f'(-1) \dots\dots 0 \ .$$

$$f'(0) \dots\dots 0 \ .$$

$$f'(3) \dots\dots 0 \ .$$

6) **In this part**, let $f(x) = x - 1 + \frac{4}{x-1}$.

- a- Prove that the line (d) of equation $y = x - 1$ is an asymptote of the curve (C).
- b- Write an equation of the line that is tangent to (C) at the point E of abscissa 2.

II-(5 points)

Consider the following propositions:

p : Beirut is a capital.

q : Beirut is overpopulated.

1) Write each of the following propositions in a symbolic language:

a : Beirut is overpopulated and is not a capital.

b : Beirut is not a capital and is not overpopulated.

c : It is not true that Beirut is an overpopulated capital.

d : If Beirut is a capital then it is overpopulated .

e : If Beirut is not overpopulated then it is not a capital.

2) Among the 5 propositions mentioned in the first part, indicate two propositions that are equivalent.

III-(5 points)

Jamil has a capital of 20 000 000 LL. He deposits **half** of his capital in bank A at an **annual interest rate** of 8% compounded **quarterly**, and **the other half** in bank B at an **annual interest rate** of 7.5% compounded **monthly**.

1) Determine the amount compounded in Jamil’s account in bank A after 5 years.

2) Determine the amount compounded in Jamil’s account in bank B after 5 years.

3) What is the amount of interests gained by his capital during these five years?

LH		MATH		2 nd
session 2004				
Questions		Answers		M
I	1	phic	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = -\infty ; \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = +\infty ; \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$	2

	2		1 1/2
	3	The line of equation $y = -5$ cuts (C) at two points , then $f(x) = -5$ has two solutions.	1
	4	$f(x) > 0$ corresponds to the part of (C) that is above the axis of abscissas, then $x > 1$	1
	5	From the table of variations(or graphically) , $f'(-2) > 0$, $f'(-1) = 0$, $f'(0) < 0$ and $f'(3) = 0$.	2
	6-a-	$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [f(x) - (x - 1)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4}{x - 1} = 0$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x) - (x - 1)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4}{x - 1} = 0$ Hence (d) is asymptote of (C).	1
	6-b-	$f'(x) = 1 - \frac{4}{(x - 1)^2}$, $f(2) = 5$, $f'(2) = -3$ Equation of the tangent : $y = (x - 2)f'(2) + f(2) = -3x + 11$	1 1/2
II	1	a : $q \wedge (\neg p)$ b : $(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q)$ [OR : $\neg(p \vee q)$] c : $\neg(p \wedge q)$ [OR : $(\neg p) \vee (\neg q)$] d : $p \Rightarrow q$ e : $(\neg q) \Rightarrow (\neg p)$.	4
	2	The propositions d and e are equivalent.	1
III	1	$C_A = 10\,000\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0.08}{4}\right)^{20} = 14,859,474$ LL	2
	2	$C_B = 10\,000\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0.075}{12}\right)^{60} = 14,532,944$ LL	2
	3	$I = I_A + I_B = C_A + C_B - 20\,000\,000 = 9,392,418$ LL	1